

What I should already know

That the world is made up of land (countries) and water (seas).
That maps can be used to find places.

Learning Links

Take Home task – Make a model of a globe

The World Year B Year 3/4 – Spring term



KS1 – Under the Sea
KS1 – Food and Farming
UKS2 – World Taste Tour

Knowledge

- Know the 7 continents
- Know the world's oceans
- Know the location of countries including Russia, North and South America
- Know the meaning of latitude/longitude, equator, hemisphere
- Know what GMT and UTC mean, and what time zones are
- Know the location of the Arctic and Antarctic
- Know the names of major cities and some counties in the UK
- To know the name of key map features and symbols
- To know physical geographical features – river, mountain, volcano, water cycle
- To know human geographical features – types of settlement

Vocabulary

Equator	An invisible line around the Earth
continents	Large areas that are usually made up of different countries
urban	Located in or characteristic of towns/cities
ocean	Large body of salt water
atlas	A book that contains maps
county	Areas like Lincolnshire, Yorkshire
city	Larger than a town ,usually with a cathedral
hemisphere	The top half – or the bottom half – of the globe
latitude	A line that crosses the globe horizontally
longitude	A line that crosses the globe vertically
compass	A tool to measure N,E,S,W.
grid reference	Letters and numbers on a map like D3
topographical	A map that shows physical features
time zone	The time in a particular part of the world
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
settlement	Where people live
rural	Located in or characteristic of the countryside
globe	A sphere that looks like the Earth
climate	weather

Assessment

End of topic assessment
Wow / Now – school policy
Self / Peer assessment

Skills

- Use maps, atlases and globes and digital and computer mapping to locate countries and their features
- Use maps and atlases to locate counties and cities in the UK
- Describe physical geographical features – river, mountain, volcano, water cycle
- Describe human geographical features – types of settlement, land use
- Use the 8-point compass
- Use 4-figure grid references and map symbols and keys
- Use fieldwork skills – measure, record, map work
- Use ICT to explore geographical features and places, and to represent findings