

### What I should already know

That the world is made up of land (countries) and water (seas).  
That maps can be used to find places.

### Learning Links

Take Home task – Make a model of a globe

## The World Year B Year 3/4 – Spring term



KS1 – Under the Sea  
KS1 – Food and Farming  
UKS2 – World Taste Tour

### Knowledge

- Know the 7 continents
- Know the world's oceans
- Know the location of countries including Russia, North and South America
- Know the meaning of latitude/longitude, equator, hemisphere
- Know what GMT and UTC mean, and what time zones are
- Know the location of the Arctic and Antarctic
- Know the names of major cities and some counties in the UK
- To know the name of key map features and symbols
- To know physical geographical features – river, mountain, volcano, water cycle
- To know human geographical features – types of settlement

### Vocabulary

<b>Equator</b>	An invisible line around the Earth
<b>continents</b>	Large areas that are usually made up of different countries
<b>urban</b>	Located in or characteristic of towns/cities
<b>ocean</b>	Large body of salt water
<b>atlas</b>	A book that contains maps
<b>county</b>	Areas like Lincolnshire, Yorkshire
<b>city</b>	Larger than a town ,usually with a cathedral
<b>hemisphere</b>	The top half – or the bottom half – of the globe
<b>latitude</b>	A line that crosses the globe horizontally
<b>longitude</b>	A line that crosses the globe vertically
<b>compass</b>	A tool to measure N,E,S,W.
<b>grid reference</b>	Letters and numbers on a map like D3
<b>topographical</b>	A map that shows physical features
<b>time zone</b>	The time in a particular part of the world
<b>GMT</b>	Greenwich Mean Time
<b>UTC</b>	Coordinated Universal Time
<b>settlement</b>	Where people live
<b>rural</b>	Located in or characteristic of the countryside
<b>globe</b>	A sphere that looks like the Earth
<b>climate</b>	weather

### Assessment

End of topic assessment  
Wow / Now – school policy  
Self / Peer assessment

### Skills

- Use maps, atlases and globes and digital and computer mapping to locate countries and their features
- Use maps and atlases to locate counties and cities in the UK
- Describe physical geographical features – river, mountain, volcano, water cycle
- Describe human geographical features – types of settlement, land use
- Use the 8 point compass
- Use 4-figure grid references and map symbols and keys
- Use fieldwork skills – measure, record, map work
- Use ICT to explore geographical features and places, and to represent findings